Die einfache Gegenwart  The Present Simple
Sie drückt z.B. einen Zustand, eine Tatsache, eine Gewohnheit, ... aus.
Usually, every day, normally ....

Die Dauerform  The Present Continuous
Sie drückt meist eine Handlung aus, die (noch) andauert.
At the moment, right now, today, ....

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IN SCHOOL</th>
<th>BUT TODAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Usually .....</td>
<td>But today ....</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we listen to the teacher.</td>
<td>we are not listening,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we read books.</td>
<td>we are not reading.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we do maths problems.</td>
<td>we are not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we learn English.</td>
<td>we are not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we do gymnastics.</td>
<td>we are not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we write in our exercise books.</td>
<td>we are not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>we do simple experiments.</td>
<td>we are not ..................</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WHY?
Because it’s carnival and we are having a party.
We are singing, dancing, eating, drinking and telling jokes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AFTER SCHOOL</th>
<th>BUT TODAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Usually Enrico ....</td>
<td>But today ......</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>does his homework.</td>
<td>he is not doing his homework.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>helps his mother in the kitchen.</td>
<td>he is not helping his mother.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>goes to the supermarket.</td>
<td>he is not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rides his bike to the park.</td>
<td>he is not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>goes to meet his friends in the park.</td>
<td>he is not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>has dinner at seven.</td>
<td>he is not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>watches TV or reads a book.</td>
<td>he is not ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>goes to bed at ten.</td>
<td>he is not ..................</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WHY?
Because it’s his birthday and he is having a big party.
He is at home with his friends and they are eating his birthday cake and playing games.
TIME FOR PRACTICE – PRESENT SIMPLE AND CONTINUOUS

Die einfache Gegenwart     The Present Simple
Sie drückt z.B. einen Zustand, eine Tatsache, eine Gewohnheit, … aus.

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### IN SCHOOL

**Usually …..**
- we listen to the teacher.
- we read books.
- we do maths problems.
- we learn English.
- we do gymnastics.
- we write in our exercise books.
- we do simple experiments.

**But today …..**
- we are not listening.
- we are not reading.
- we are not doing maths.
- we are not learning English.
- we are not doing gymnastics.
- we are not writing.
- we are not doing any experiments.

**WHY?**
Because it’s carnival and we are having a party. We are singing, dancing, eating, drinking and telling jokes.

### AFTER SCHOOL

**Usually Enrico …..**
- does his homework.
- helps his mother in the kitchen.
- goes to the supermarket.
- rides his bike to the park.
- goes to meet his friends in the park.
- Has dinner at seven.
- watches TV or reads a book.
- goes to bed at ten.

**But today …..**
- he is not doing his homework.
- he is not helping his mother.
- he is not going to the supermarket.
- he is not riding his bike to the park.
- he is not going to meet his friends.
- he is not having dinner at seven.
- he is not watching TV.
- he is not going to bed at ten.

**WHY?**
Because it’s his birthday and he is having a big party. He is at home with his friends and they are eating his birthday cake and playing games.